COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) .../...

of XXX

amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 as regards maximum levels of acrylamide in certain foods

(Text with EEA relevance)
COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) …/…

of XXX

amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 as regards maximum levels of acrylamide in certain foodstuffs for infants and young children

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 315/93 of 8 February 1993 laying down Community procedures for contaminants in food¹, and in particular Article 2(3) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006² sets maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs.

(2) In 2015, the Scientific Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain (CONTAM) of the European Food Safety Authority (‘the Authority’) adopted the scientific opinion on acrylamide in food³. Based on animal studies, the Authority confirmed previous evaluations that acrylamide in food potentially increases the risk of developing cancer for consumers in all age groups. Since acrylamide is present in a wide range of everyday foods, this concern applies to all consumers. The current levels of dietary exposure to acrylamide across age groups indicate a concern with respect to its carcinogenic effects but children are the most exposed age group on a body weight basis.

(3) It is therefore important that the levels of acrylamide in food are as low as reasonably achievable by applying mitigation measures by all food business operators.

(4) Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2158⁴ provides for food business operators to apply mitigation measures and carry out certain activities to reduce the levels of acrylamide in those foodstuffs. Benchmark levels were set to verify through sampling and analysis the effectiveness of the mitigation measures. Recital 15 to Regulation (EU) 2017/2158 indicated that, complementary to those measures provided for in that Regulation, the setting of maximum levels for acrylamide in certain foods should also be considered. Given the possible health concern, in particular for infants and young children, it is appropriate to establish maximum levels for the foods for infants and young children covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/2158. The maximum levels are set at a strict level, that is achievable by applying all possible mitigation measures and that provides a high level of human health protection.

(5) Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 should therefore be amended accordingly.

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(6) Food business operators should be allowed time to adapt to the new requirements set out in this Regulation. The date of application of the maximum levels of acrylamide should therefore be deferred and transitional measures has to be foreseen for foodstuffs lawfully placed on the market before the date of application.

(7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 is amended in accordance with the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

Foodstuffs listed in the Annex that were lawfully placed on the market before 1 January 2021 may remain on the market until 1 July 2021.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2021.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Commission
The President
Ursula von der LEYEN
ANNEX

In the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006, the following section is added:

‘Section 10 Acrylamide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foodstuffs (1)</th>
<th>Maximum level (µg/kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10. Acrylamide</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.1. Biscuits and rusks for infants and young children (3) (29)</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.2. Baby foods, processed cereal based foods for infants and young children excluding biscuits and rusks (3) (29)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>